(8) In the proposed section 487(c)(4)(A), strike out " $A=\phi(t-s/t)$ " and insert in lieu thereof

"
$$A = \phi \left(\frac{t-s}{t}\right)$$
".

Agreed to October 23, 1985.

EDUCATION OF ALL HANDICAPPED CHILDREN ACT OF 1975—TENTH ANNIVERSARY COMMEMORATION

Oct. 29, 1985 [S. Con. Res. 71]

Whereas part B of the Education of the Handicapped Act, commonly known as Public Law 94–142 (The Education for All Handicapped Children Act), was signed into law ten years ago on November 29, 1975;

20 USC 1401 note.

Whereas Public Law 94-142 established as policy for the United States of America the principle that all children, regardless of disabling condition, have the right to a free, appropriate public education in the least restrictive setting;

Whereas Public Law 94-142 currently serves over 4,000,000 handi-

capped children;

Whereas Public Law 94-142 ensures the full partnership between parents of children with disabilities and education professionals in design and implementation of the educational services to be provided handicapped children;

Whereas Public Law 94-142 has greatly enriched the classrooms of the Nation by allowing the potential of children with disabilities to be developed, together with the potential of nondisabled

youngsters;

Whereas Public Law 94-142 has greatly enriched America's society as a whole by providing the means for disabled youngsters to contribute to the social and economic progress of the United

States: and

Whereas Public Law 94-142 has succeeded even beyond the expectations of congressional supporters in marshalling the resources of the Nation to fulfill the promise of full participation in society of disabled youngsters: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

That the Congress—

(1) recognizes the 10th anniversary of the enactment of Public Law 94-142 and the successful implementation of that law;

(2) acknowledges the many and varied contributions by disabled youngsters, parents, teachers, and administrators; and

abled youngsters, parents, teachers, and administrators; and (3) reaffirms its support for Public Law 94-142 and the primary goal of Public Law 94-142 that all children, regardless of disabling condition, have the right to a free, appropriate public education in the least restrictive setting.

Agreed to October 29, 1985.